


















FGDC Homeland Security Working Group v. 2.20





















ANSI INCITS 415-2006
























Damage/Operational Level *Damage or operational level of infrastructure and operations*



Symbol Types	Symbol	Key Stroke	Symbol Terms and Definitions
Incident (Damage/Operational) No Levels		A	<i>Incident (Damage/Operational)</i> - Not Applicable R: 205 G: 100 B: 205
Natural Event (Damage/Operational) No Levels		B	<i>Natural Event (Damage/Operational)</i> - Not Applicable R: 120 G: 120 B: 120
Operation (Damage/Operational) Level 1		C	<i>Operation (Damage/Operational)</i> - Fully operational/open. R: 100 G: 175 B: 100
Operation (Damage/Operational) Level 2		D	<i>Operation (Damage/Operational)</i> - Operational, but filled to capacity or otherwise closed. R: 130 G: 130 B: 205
Operation (Damage/Operational) Level 3		E	<i>Operation (Damage/Operational)</i> - Operational, but partially damaged or partially incapacitated. R: 185 G: 157 B: 100
Operation (Damage/Operational) Level 4		F	<i>Operation (Damage/Operational)</i> - Destroyed or Totally incapacitated. R: 205 G: 100 B: 100
Infrastructure (Damage/Operational) Level 1		G	<i>Infrastructure (Damage/Operational)</i> - Fully operational/open. R: 100 G: 175 B: 100
Infrastructure (Damage/Operational) Level 2		H	<i>Infrastructure (Damage/Operational)</i> - Operational, but filled to capacity or otherwise closed. R: 130 G: 130 B: 205
Infrastructure (Damage/Operational) Level 3		I	<i>Infrastructure (Damage/Operational)</i> - Operational, but partially damaged or partially incapacitated. R: 185 G: 157 B: 100
Infrastructure (Damage/Operational) Level 4		J	<i>Infrastructure (Damage/Operational)</i> - Destroyed or Totally incapacitated. R: 205 G: 100 B: 100











Infrastructure *Basic facilities, services and installations needed for functioning of a community or society*

Symbol Types	Basic Symbol	Key Stroke	Symbol Terms and Definitions
Infrastructures Background Symbol (Background)		!	<i>Infrastructures Background Symbol (Background)</i> - The background fill shape for the Infrastructures symbol.
Infrastructures Frame Symbol (Frame)		#	<i>Infrastructures Frame Symbol (Frame)</i> - The frame shape for the Infrastructures symbol.
Agriculture and Food Infrastructure (Theme)		\$	<i>Agriculture and Food Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - Production and retail services of foodstuffs.
Agricultural Laboratories (Agriculture and Food Feature)		%	<i>Agricultural Laboratories (Agriculture and Food)</i> - Facilities used for scientific research in farming.
Animal Feedlots (Agriculture and Food Feature)		&	<i>Animal Feedlots (Agriculture and Food)</i> - Area designated for feeding livestock.
Commercial Food Distribution Center (Agriculture and Food Feature)		(<i>Commercial Food Distribution Center (Agriculture and Food)</i> - Facilities used for the disbursement of marketable foodstuffs.
Farms Ranches (Agriculture and Food Feature)	)	<i>Farms Ranches (Agriculture and Food)</i> - A piece of land on which crops or animals are raised.
Food Production Center (Agriculture and Food Feature)		*	<i>Food Production Center (Agriculture and Food)</i> - The locus where foodstuffs are produced.









Food Retail (Agriculture and Food Feature)		+	<i>Food Retail (Agriculture and Food)</i> - Facility where foodstuffs are sold for a profit.
Grain Storage (Agriculture and Food Feature)		/	<i>Grain Storage (Agriculture and Food)</i> - Facility used for the housing of cereal seeds such as corn, wheat, barley, etc.
Banking Finance and Insurance Infrastructure (Theme)		-	<i>Banking Finance and Insurance Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - The management of money and other assets and their protection. (Source: modified www.dictionary.com , The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition.)
ATMs (Banking Finance and Insurance Feature)		•	<i>ATMs (Banking Finance and Insurance)</i> - An unattended machine commonly located at a bank's exterior which dispenses money when a personal coded card is inserted. (Source: Modified from www.hyperdictionary.com .)
Banks (Banking Finance and Insurance Feature)		/	<i>Banks (Banking Finance and Insurance)</i> - A business establishment in which money is kept for saving for commercial purposes or is invested, supplied for loans, or exchanged. (Source: www.dictionary.com , The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition.)
Bullion Storage (Banking Finance and Insurance Feature)		0	<i>Bullion Storage (Banking Finance and Insurance)</i> - A facility used to deposit and warehouse gold or silver bars or ingots. (Source: www.hyperdictionary.com , Hybrid definition of "bullion" and "storage".)
Federal Reserve Banks (Banking Finance and Insurance Feature)		1	<i>Federal Reserve Banks (Banking Finance and Insurance)</i> - One of twelve regional banks that monitor and act as depositories for banks in their region. (Source: www.hyperdictionary.com .)
Financial Exchanges (Banking Finance and Insurance Feature)		2	<i>Financial Exchanges (Banking Finance and Insurance)</i> - A marketplace in which shares, options and futures on stocks, bonds, commodities, and indexes are traded. (Source: Yahoo! Finance glossary: http://biz.yahoo.com/fg/ee.html .)
Financial Services Other (Banking Finance and Insurance Feature)		3	<i>Financial Services Other (Banking Finance and Insurance)</i> - A business establishment for the provision of financial or monetary related products and services other than a bank. Locations that deal with money management business.
Commercial Infrastructure (Theme)		4	<i>Commercial Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - The locus of where a business enterprise is undertaken. (Source: www.hyperdictionary.com .)
Chemical Plant (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)		5	<i>Chemical Plant (Commercial Infrastructure)</i> - An industrial site where chemical substances and/or compounds are produced. (Source: Modified from www.hyperdictionary.com .)
Firearm Manufacturers (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)		6	<i>Firearm Manufacturers (Commercial Infrastructure)</i> - The location where hand weapons of explosive force when shot are mass produced. (Source: Webster's New World Dictionary; hybrid definition of "firearm" and "manufacture".)
Firearm Retailers (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)		7	<i>Firearm Retailers (Commercial Infrastructure)</i> - The location where hand weapons of explosive force when shot are sold. (Source: Webster's New World Dictionary; hybrid definition of "firearm" and "retail".)
Hazardous Material Production (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)		8	<i>Hazardous Material Production (Commercial Infrastructure)</i> - The locus of where hazardous chemicals and/or substances are produced and stored under regulated conditions.
Hazardous Material Storage (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)		9	<i>Hazardous Material Storage (Commercial Infrastructure)</i> - A storing location for a substance or combination of substances that because of quantity, concentration, physical, chemical, radiological, explosive, or infectious characteristics poses a potential danger to humans and/or the environment. (Source: San Diego State University Emergency Plan glossary; link at: http://bfa.sdsu.edu/emergencyplan/glossary.htm .)
Industrial Site (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)		:	<i>Industrial Site (Commercial Infrastructure)</i> - The locus of an industrial facility or facilities used for the commercial production and selling of manufactured goods. (Source: www.dictionary.com ; The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition.)
Landfill (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)		;	<i>Landfill (Commercial Infrastructure)</i> - An area of land or an excavation in which wastes are placed for permanent disposal, and which is not a land application unit, surface impoundment, injection well, or waste pile. (Source: The Federal Aviation Administration glossary. Link at: http://wildlife-mitigation.tc.faa.gov/public_html/manuals/glossary.pdf .)
Pharmaceutical Manufacturer (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)		=	<i>Pharmaceutical Manufacturer (Commercial Infrastructure)</i> - The location where medicinal drugs are mass-produced. (Source: Webster's New World Dictionary; hybrid definition of "pharmaceutical" and "manufacture".)
Superfund Sites NPL (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)		?	<i>Superfund Sites NPL (Commercial Infrastructure)</i> - A location in the United States that has been contaminated by hazardous waste and identified by the Environmental Protection Agency as a candidate for clean-up because it poses a risk to human health and/or the environment. (Source: Environmental Protection Agency. Link at: http://www.epa.gov .)
Toxic Release Inventory (Commercial Infrastructure Feature)		@	<i>Toxic Release Inventory (Commercial Infrastructure)</i> - The location according to a publicly available database of chemical and other toxic waste releases. (Source: Environmental Protection Agency. Link at: http://www.epa.gov .)


















Educational Facilities Infrastructure (Theme)		A	<i>Educational Facilities Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - A building or collection of buildings or places that provides knowledge. (Source: www.hyperdictionary.com, Hybrid definition of "educational" and "facility.")
College University (Educational Facilities Feature)		B	<i>College University (Educational Facilities)</i> - An institution of higher learning offering a course of studies leading to a Bachelor's or Master's or Doctoral degree. (Source: Adapted from Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definitions of "college" and "university")
Schools (Educational Facilities Feature)		C	<i>Schools (Educational Facilities)</i> - A facility for the primary and secondary education of children. (Source: Adapted from Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition)
Energy Facilities Infrastructure (Theme)		D	<i>Energy Facilities Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - A building or collection of buildings and/or places that generates and provides electrical power.
Generation Stations (Energy Facilities Feature)		E	<i>Generation Stations (Energy Facilities)</i> - A facility equipped with special equipment used for the production of heat or electricity. (Source: www.hyperdictionary.com, Hybrid definition of "generation" and "station.")
Natural Gas Facilities (Energy Facilities Feature)		F	<i>Natural Gas Facilities (Energy Facilities)</i> - A locus equipped with special equipment used to generate nuclear gas power.
Nuclear Facilities (Energy Facilities Feature)		G	<i>Nuclear Facilities (Energy Facilities)</i> - A locus equipped with special equipment used to generate nuclear power.
Petroleum Facilities (Energy Facilities Feature)		H	<i>Petroleum Facilities (Energy Facilities)</i> - A building or place that provides and distributes petroleum gas.
Propane Facilities (Energy Facilities Feature)		I	<i>Propane Facilities (Energy Facilities)</i> - A building or place that provides and distributes propane gas.
Government Site Infrastructure (Theme)		J	<i>Government Site Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - The locus of where executive, legislative and/or judicial activities take place in the service of the government.
Military Infrastructure (Theme)		K	<i>Military Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - Refers collectively to the four major branches of the United States' armed forces as associated with, or performed by armed services as contrasted with civilians. (Source: modified sources.)
Military Armory (Military Feature)		L	<i>Military Armory (Military)</i> - A military structure where arms and ammunition and other military equipment are manufactured and stored, and also where training is given in the use of arms. (Source: www.hyperdictionary.com.)
Military Base (Military Feature)		M	<i>Military Base (Military)</i> - The locus of where military personnel, weapons and supplied are located, and also where attacks and other operations are coordinated and launched. (Source: "Scholastic News" military glossary.)
Postal Service Infrastructure (Theme)		N	<i>Postal Service Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - The system whereby letters, messages and other parcels are transmitted and delivered via the post office. (Source: Modified from www.hyperdictionary.com.)
Postal Distribution Center (Postal Feature)		O	<i>Postal Distribution Center (Postal)</i> - A U.S. Postal Service (USPS) facility where mail is sorted and routed. (Source: USPS web-page description of function)
Post Office (Postal Feature)		P	<i>Post Office (Postal)</i> - A U.S. Postal Service (USPS) facility that directly delivers postal services to the public.
Public Venues Infrastructure (Theme)		Q	<i>Public Venues Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - An unrestricted place or places and events for a large gathering of people. (Source: Modified from www.dictionary.com.)
Enclosed Facility (Public Venues Feature)		S	<i>Enclosed Facility (Public Venues)</i> - A roofed facility with walls.
Open Facility (Public Venues Feature)		U	<i>Open Facility (Public Venues)</i> - An open air facility with or without walls, e.g., stadium, parking lot, etc.
Recreational Area (Public Venues Feature)		V	<i>Recreational Area (Public Venues)</i> - A place dedicated to the refreshment of strength and spirits after work. (Source: Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary)
Religious Institution (Public Venues Feature)		W	<i>Religious Institution (Public Venues)</i> - Any place of worship where religious services are held or prayers said by congregation loyal to a belief.
Special Needs Infrastructure (Theme)		Z	<i>Special Needs Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - Of or relating to people who have specific needs, as those associated with a disability. (Source: www.dictionary.com, The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition.)
Adult Day Care (Special Needs Feature)		[<i>Adult Day Care (Special Needs)</i> - The locus of a non-residential facility that provides supervision and assisted living services to adults, typically during the daylight hours.



Child Day Care (Special Needs Feature)	]	<i>Child Day Care (Special Needs)</i> - A service involving care for other people's children. (Source: www.dictionary.com , WordNet ® 1.6, © 1997 Princeton University.)
Elder Care (Special Needs Feature)		^	<i>Elder Care (Special Needs)</i> - The locus of a nursing home or a residential assisted living facility in which full-time care is provided for chronically ill, disabled, and elderly.
Telecommunications Infrastructure (Theme)		`	<i>Telecommunications Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - The electronic systems used in transmitting messages, as by telegraph, cable, telephone, radio, television or computer. (Source: www.dictionary.com , The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition.)
Telecommunications Facility (Telecommunications Feature)		a	<i>Telecommunications Facility (Telecommunications)</i> - Any facility housing telecommunications equipment, studios, control rooms, or personnel.
Telecommunications Tower (Telecommunications Feature)		b	<i>Telecommunications Tower (Telecommunications)</i> - A structure typically higher than its diameter and high relative to its surroundings to which telecommunications antennae are affixed. (Source: Adapted from Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary)
Transportation Infrastructure (Theme)		c	<i>Transportation Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - Infrastructure, means of transport, and equipment necessary for the movement of passengers and/or goods. (Source: http://dict.die.net .)
Air Traffic Control Facility (Transportation Feature)		d	<i>Air Traffic Control Facility (Transportation)</i> - A facility operated by appropriate authority to promote the safe, orderly and expeditious flow of air traffic. (Source: The Federal Aviation Administration glossary; link at: http://www.fly.faa.gov/Products/Glossary_of_Terms/glossary_of_terms.html .)
Airport (Transportation Feature)		e	<i>Airport (Transportation)</i> - An area of land or other hard surface, excluding water, that is used or intended to be used for the landing and takeoff of aircraft, and includes its buildings and facilities, if any. (Source: The Federal Aviation Administration glossary; link at: http://wildlife-mitigation.tc.faa.gov/public_html/manuals/glossary.pdf .)
Bridge (Transportation Feature)		f	<i>Bridge (Transportation)</i> - A structure built over a gap to connect and maintain transportation flow between either sides of the gap. (Source: Modified from Webster's New World Dictionary.)
Bus Station (Transportation Feature)		g	<i>Bus Station (Transportation)</i> - A terminal that serves bus passengers. (Source: www.hyperdictionary.com .)
Ferry Terminal (Transportation Feature)		h	<i>Ferry Terminal (Transportation)</i> - The location of a vehicle-carrying and commuter boat line terminus. (Source: Modified from www.dictionary.com .)
Helicopter Landing Site (Transportation Feature)		i	<i>Helicopter Landing Site (Transportation)</i> - A site within a landing zone that contains one or more points for helicopters to land. (Source: Dennis J. Reimer Training and Doctrine Digital Library, military terms glossary. Link at: http://www.adtdl.army.mil/cgi-bin/atdl.dll/fm/3-21.38/gloss.htm .)
Lock (Transportation Feature)		j	<i>Lock (Transportation)</i> - An enclosed part of a canal or river equipped with gates for raising or lowering the level of water so that boats and other vessels may pass. (Source: Modified from Webster's New World Dictionary.)
Maintenance Facility (Transportation Feature)		k	<i>Maintenance Facility (Transportation)</i> - A location where vehicles, machines or any other mechanical devices are serviced for inspection or repair. (Source: Modified from www.hyperdictionary.com .)
Port (Transportation Feature)		l	<i>Port (Transportation)</i> - A location on a waterway with facilities for loading and unloading ships and other vessels. (Source: www.dictionary.com , The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition.)
Rail Station (Transportation Feature)		m	<i>Rail Station (Transportation)</i> - A depot where tracked transport vehicles or trains load and/or unload passengers or goods. (Source: www.hyperdictionary.com , modified definition from "depot".)
Rest Stop (Transportation Feature)		n	<i>Rest Stop (Transportation)</i> - A roadside facility at which motorists may purchase refreshments, use restrooms and/or acquire area information.
Ship Anchorage (Transportation Feature)		o	<i>Ship Anchorage (Transportation)</i> - A location suitable for securely anchoring ships and other vessels. (Source: www.dictionary.com , Webster's Revised Unabridged Dictionary, © 1996, 1998 MICRA, Inc.)
Toll Facility (Transportation Feature)		p	<i>Toll Facility (Transportation)</i> - A gate or booth at which money is collected before and/or after motorists enter or exit a toll road (turnpike). (Source: Modified from Webster's New World Dictionary.)
Traffic Control Point (Transportation Feature)		q	<i>Traffic Control Point (Transportation)</i> - The location of absolute signals controlled by an operator to regulate and maintain transportation flow.
Traffic Inspection Facility (Transportation Feature)		r	<i>Traffic Inspection Facility (Transportation)</i> - Permanent facility equipped with scales where motor (shipping) vehicles transporting goods on public highways are required to stop and obtain gross vehicle and/or axle weights. (Source: Nextlinx, Link: http://www.nextlinx.com/tools_gloss10U.html . Definition of "weigh station".)
Tunnel (Transportation Feature)		s	<i>Tunnel (Transportation)</i> - An underground passageway used to connect and maintain transportation flow between a physical or human-built obstruction. (Source: Modified from Webster's New World Dictionary.)

Water Supply Infrastructure (Theme)		t	<i>Water Supply Infrastructure (Theme)</i> - The storage, disinfection, filtration and provision of drinking water to the consumer/community by means of pipelines, pumps, water towers, wells and other appurtenances. (Source: County of Maui (Hawaii) Water Supply glossary. Link at: http://mauiwater.org/glossary.html . Hybrid definition of "water system" and "treated water.")
Critical Valves (Water Supply Feature)		u	<i>Critical Valves (Water Supply)</i> - A valve which regulates the speed, flow or pressure of a fluid. (Source: "Valve World" glossary, definition of "control valve." Link at: http://www.valve-world.net/glossary/index.asp .)
Dam (Water Supply Feature)		v	<i>Dam (Water Supply)</i> - A barrier constructed across a waterway to control the flow or raise the level of water. (Source: www.dictionary.com , The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition.)
Discharge Outfall (Water Supply Feature)		w	<i>Discharge Outfall (Water Supply)</i> - The volume of effluent that is released into receiving waters at a given location and within a given period of time. (Source: Hybrid definition from the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency glossary (term "outfall") and from the United States Geologic Survey (term "discharge"). Modified. Links at: http://www.epa.state.oh.us/ddagw/Documents/swapdocglo.pdf) and http://ga.water.usgs.gov/edu/dictionary.html .)
Ground Well (Water Supply Feature)		x	<i>Ground Well (Water Supply)</i> - An artificial excavation drilled into the ground for the purposes of withdrawing water from the underground aquifers. Source: Modified from the USGS Water Science glossary. Link at: http://ga.water.usgs.gov/edu/dictionary.html .)
Pumping Station (Water Supply Feature)		y	<i>Pumping Station (Water Supply)</i> - Facility that lifts water up and over hills. (Source: Ridenbaugh Press. Link at: http://www.ridenbaugh.com .)
Reservoir (Water Supply Feature)		z	<i>Reservoir (Water Supply)</i> - An off-stream water storage facility that is filled with water pumped from a river or stream. (Source: Ohio Environmental Protection Agency glossary (term "upground reservoir"). Link at: http://www.epa.state.oh.us/ddagw/Documents/swapdocglo.pdf)
Storage Tower (Water Supply Feature)		{	<i>Storage Tower (Water Supply)</i> - A large (usually metallic) container for holding gases or liquids. (Source: www.hyperdictionary.com .)
Surface Water Intake (Water Supply Feature)		}	<i>Surface Water Intake (Water Supply)</i> - A pipe through which wastewater is transferred directly to another site. (Source: USGS Water Resources of New Hampshire and Vermont glossary. Hybrid definition of "intake pipe" and "surface water return flow." Link at: http://nh.water.usgs.gov/Publications/OFR01-328/ofr01-328_glossary.pdf .)
Water Treatment Facility (Water Supply Feature)		~	<i>Water Treatment Facility (Water Supply)</i> - A place designed to receive the wastewater from domestic sources and to remove materials that damage water quality and threaten public health and safety when discharged into receiving streams or bodies of water. (Source: USGS Water Science glossary. Link at: http://ga.water.usgs.gov/edu/dictionary.html .)
















Natural Events *Phenomenon found in or created by naturally-occurring conditions*





















Symbol Types	Symbol	Key Stroke	Symbol Terms and Definitions
Natural Events Background Symbol (Background)		!	<i>Natural Events Background Symbol (Background)</i> - The background fill shape for the Natural Events symbol.
Natural Events Frame Symbol (Frame)		#	<i>Natural Events Frame Symbol (Frame)</i> - The frame shape for the Natural Events symbol (unused).
Geologic (Theme)			
After Shock (Geologic Feature)		A	<i>After Shock (Geologic)</i> - An earthquake that follows a larger earthquake and originates at or near the latter's focus. (Source: Dictionary of Geological Terms, 3rd Ed.)
Avalanche (Geologic Feature)		B	<i>Avalanche (Geologic)</i> - A large mass of snow, ice, soil, or rock, or mixtures of these materials, falling, sliding, or flowing very rapidly under the force of gravity. (Source: Dictionary of Geological Terms, 3rd Ed.)
Earth Quake Epicenter (Geologic Feature)		C	<i>Earth Quake Epicenter (Geologic)</i> - The point on the earth's surface directly above the focus of an earthquake. (Source: Dictionary of Geological Terms, 3rd Ed.)
Landslide (Geologic Feature)		D	<i>Landslide (Geologic)</i> - A general term for a wide variety of processes and landforms involving the down slope movement under the force of gravity of masses of soil and rock material. (Source: Dictionary of Geological Terms, 3rd Ed.)
Subsidence (Geologic Feature)		E	<i>Subsidence (Geologic)</i> - Sinking or downward settling of the earth's surface. (Source: Dictionary of Geological Terms, 3rd Ed.)
Volcanic Eruption (Geologic Feature)		F	<i>Volcanic Eruption (Geologic)</i> - The ejection of volcanic materials (lava, pyroclasts, and volcanic gases) from a vent or fissure in the Earth's crust. (Source: Dictionary of Geological Terms, 3rd Ed.)
















Volcanic Threat (Geologic Feature)		G	<i>Volcanic Threat (Geologic)</i> - A vent or fissure in the Earth's crust where volcanic eruption is believed to be imminent. (Source: logical extension of "Volcanic Eruption")
Hydro-Meteorological (Theme)			
Drizzle (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		H	<i>Drizzle (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - Some time called mist. Very small, numerous, and uniformly dispersed water droplets that appear to float while following air currents. Unlike fog droplets, drizzle fall to the ground.
Drought (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		I	<i>Drought (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - A period of abnormally dry weather sufficiently prolonged for the lack of water to cause a serious hydrologic imbalance across the affected area. Drought severity depends upon the degree of moisture deficiency, the duration, and (to a lesser extent) the size of the affected area. In general, the term should be reserved for periods of moisture deficiency that are relatively extensive in both space and time.
Flood (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		J	<i>Flood (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - A relatively high stream flow that overtops the stream banks in any part of its course, covering land that is not normally under water. (Source: Dictionary of Geological Terms, 3rd Ed.) A condition that occurs when water overflows the natural or artificial confines of a stream or other body of water, or accumulates by drainage over low-lying areas.
Fog (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		K	<i>Fog (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - A visible aggregate of minute water droplets suspended in the atmosphere near the earth's surface. According to international definition fog reduces visibility to less than 5/8 mile. Fog differs from clouds only in that the base of the fog is at the earth's surface while clouds are above the surface.
Hail (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		L	<i>Hail (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - Precipitation in the form of circular or irregular-shaped lumps of ice. (Source: The National Weather Service glossary. http://www.crh.noaa.gov/lmk/glossary.htm)
Inversion (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		M	<i>Inversion (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - A departure from the standard decrease or increase with altitude of value of an atmosphere property. This term almost always means temperature inversion.
Rain (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		N	<i>Rain (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - Precipitation in the form of liquid water drops, which have diameters greater than 0.5mm.
Sand Dust Storm (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		O	<i>Sand Dust Storm (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - A strong wind carrying sand through the air, the diameter of most of the particles ranging from 0.08 to 1 mm. In contrast to a dust storm, the sand particles are mostly confined to the lowest two feet, and rarely rise more than fifty feet above the ground.
Snow (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		P	<i>Snow (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - Precipitation composed of white or translucent ice crystals; chiefly complex branched hexagonal form and often agglomerated into snowflakes.
Thunder Storm (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		Q	<i>Thunder Storm (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - A thunderstorm is a consequence of atmospheric instability and constitutes and over turning of layers in order to achieve a more stable atmosphere. In general a local storm invariably produces lightning, thunder, usually strong gusts of winds, heavy rain and sometimes hail.
Tornado (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		R	<i>Tornado (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - A violently rotating column, or funnel, of air in contact with the ground and extending from the base of a thunderstorm. (Source: Modified from the National Weather Service glossary. Link at: http://www.erh.noaa.gov/er/pit/branick2d.html#Glossary)
Tropical Cyclone (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		S	<i>Tropical Cyclone (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - The general term for a cyclone that originates over the tropical oceans.
Tsunami (Hydro-Meteorologic Feature)		T	<i>Tsunami (Hydro-Meteorologic)</i> - A great sea wave produced by an earthquake or volcanic eruption, characterized by high speed of propagation, long wavelength, long period, and low observable amplitude on the open ocean. (Source: Dictionary of Geological Terms, 3rd Ed.) An ocean wave produced by a submarine earthquake, landslide, or volcanic eruption. These waves may reach enormous dimensions and have sufficient energy to travel across entire oceans. Tsunamis have no connection with tides as inferred by the common use of the term tidal wave.
Infestation (Theme)			
Bird Infestation (Infestation Feature)		U	<i>Bird Infestation (Infestation)</i> - A harassing or troublesome invasion of birds. (Source: derived from the definition of "infestation" found in the FactMonster.com dictionary)
Insect Infestation (Infestation Feature)		V	<i>Insect Infestation (Infestation)</i> - A harassing or troublesome invasion of insects. (Source: derived from the definition of "infestation" found in the FactMonster.com dictionary)
Microbial Infestation (Infestation Feature)		W	<i>Microbial Infestation (Infestation)</i> - A harassing or troublesome invasion of a microbe. (Source: derived from the definition of "infestation" found in the FactMonster.com dictionary)

Reptile Infestation (Infestation Feature)		X	<i>Reptile Infestation (Infestation)</i> - A harassing or troublesome invasion of reptiles. (Source: derived from the definition of "infestation" found in the FactMonster.com dictionary)
Rodent Infestation (Infestation Feature)		Y	<i>Rodent Infestation (Infestation)</i> - A harassing or troublesome invasion of rodents. (Source: derived from the definition of "infestation" found in the FactMonster.com dictionary)


















Incidents *A cause of action or source of disaster*






















Symbol Types	Symbol	Key Stroke	Symbol Terms and Definitions
Incidents Background Symbol (Background)		!	<i>Incidents Background Symbol (Background)</i> - The background fill shape for the Incidents symbol.
Incidents Frame Symbol (Frame)		#	<i>Incidents Frame Symbol (Frame)</i> - The frame shape for the Incidents symbol.
Civil Disturbance Incident (Theme)		A	<i>Civil Disturbance Incident (Theme)</i> - Human activities resulting in the disrupting of services or requiring varying levels of support, law enforcement or attention.
Civil Demonstrations (Civil Disturbance Feature)		B	<i>Civil Demonstrations (Civil Disturbance)</i> - A public display of group feelings toward a person or cause. (Source: Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition)
Civil Displaced Population (Civil Disturbance Feature)		C	<i>Civil Displaced Population (Civil Disturbance)</i> - Persons or groups of person who have been forced or obliged to flee or to leave their homes or places of habitual residence, in particular as a result of or in order to avoid the effects of armed conflict, violations of human rights, or natural or human-made disasters. (Source: United Nations Guiding Principles on Internally Displaced Persons, 1998)
Civil Rioting (Civil Disturbance Feature)		D	<i>Civil Rioting (Civil Disturbance)</i> - A public disturbance involving (1) an act or acts of violence by one or more persons part of an assemblage of three or more persons, which act or acts shall constitute a clear and present danger of, or shall result in, damage or injury to the property of any other person or to the person of any other individual or (2) a threat or threats of the commission of an act or acts of violence by one or more persons part of an assemblage of three or more persons having, individually or collectively, the ability of immediate execution of such threat or threats, where the performance of the threatened act or acts of violence would constitute a clear and present danger of, or would result in, damage or injury to the property of any other person or to the person of any other individual. (Source: 18 USC Section 2102)
Criminal Activity Incident (Theme)		E	<i>Criminal Activity Incident (Theme)</i> - An unlawful pursuit or action in which an individual participates. (Source: www.dictionary.com; combined definitions of "criminal" and "activity")
Bomb Threat (Criminal Activity Feature)		F	<i>Bomb Threat (Criminal Activity)</i> - A warning of the of the possible presence of a bomb or expression of the intention to detonate a bomb.
Bomb (Criminal Activity Feature)		G	<i>Bomb (Criminal Activity)</i> - An explosive device fused to detonate under specific conditions. (Source: International military definition)
Bomb Explosion (Criminal Activity Feature)		H	<i>Bomb Explosion (Criminal Activity)</i> - A violent outburst resulting from detonation of a chemical or nuclear explosive or from the loss of a high pressure vessel's integrity.
Looting (Criminal Activity Feature)		I	<i>Looting (Criminal Activity)</i> - Burglary committed within an affected area during an emergency. (Source: PeaceOfficers.com Glossary)
Poisoning (Criminal Activity Feature)		J	<i>Poisoning (Criminal Activity)</i> - Use of a poisonous substance to injure or kill (Source: Adapted from Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition)
Shooting (Criminal Activity Feature)		K	<i>Shooting (Criminal Activity)</i> - Use of a firearm to kill or injure or to damage property (Source: Condensed from Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition)
Fire Incident (Theme)		L	<i>Fire Incident (Theme)</i> - The destructive act of something burning; caused either by electrical or technological malfunction, lightning, arson, human error or human negligence.
Hot Spot (Fire Incident Feature)		M	<i>Hot Spot (Fire Incident)</i> - An area of intensified fire activity and increased heat or a particularly active part of a fire.







Non-Residential Fire (Fire Incident Feature)		N	<i>Non-Residential Fire (Fire Incident)</i> - A fire that originates at or affects a non-residential or commercial facility, resulting in partial damage or total destruction of the structure and/or bodily injury, smoke inhalation or death.
Origin (Fire Incident Feature)		O	<i>Origin (Fire Incident)</i> - Location of where the fire started. (Source: Forest Service Department of Agriculture http://www.fs.fed.us)
Residential Fire (Fire Incident Feature)		P	<i>Residential Fire (Fire Incident)</i> - A fire affecting a home or housing complex, resulting in partial or total destruction of the structure and/or bodily injury, smoke inhalation or death.
School Fire (Fire Incident Feature)		Q	<i>School Fire (Fire Incident)</i> - A fire that originates at or affects an educational facility, resulting in partial or total destruction of the structure and/or bodily injury, smoke inhalation or death.
Smoke (Fire Incident Feature)		R	<i>Smoke (Fire Incident)</i> - The visible products of combustion rising above the fire. (Source: www.firewise.org)
Special Needs Fire (Fire Incident Feature)		S	<i>Special Needs Fire (Fire Incident)</i> - A fire that affects special treatment facilities, such as nursing homes or assisted living centers, resulting in partial or total destruction of the structure and/or bodily injury, smoke inhalation or death.
Wild Fire (Fire Incident Feature)		T	<i>Wild Fire (Fire Incident)</i> - An uncontrolled fire in a wooded area. (Source: www.realdictionary.com)
Hazardous Material Incident (Theme)		U	<i>Hazardous Material Incident (Theme)</i> - (Note: all of these proposed definitions are from the following source: Office of Hazardous Materials Safety, Hazmat Regulations and Interpretations)
Chemical Agents (Hazardous Incident Feature)		V	<i>Chemical Agents (Hazardous Incident)</i> - A chemical substance, which is intended for use in military operations to kill, resulting in psychological disorientation, serious injury, incapacitation or death. (Source: NATO definition, found at http://arch.foxcitieskurgan.org/chem/terms.html)
Corrosive Material (Hazardous Incident Feature)		W	<i>Corrosive Material (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a liquid or solid that causes full thickness destruction of human skin at the site of contact within a specified period of time.
Hazardous When Wet (Hazardous Incident Feature)		X	<i>Hazardous When Wet (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a material that, by contact with water, is liable to become spontaneously flammable or to give off flammable or toxic gas at a rate greater than 1 L per kilogram of the material, per hour.
Explosive (Hazardous Incident Feature)		Y	<i>Explosive (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of any substance or article, including a device, which is designed to function by explosion (i.e., an extremely rapid release of gas and heat) or which, by chemical reaction within itself, is able to function in a similar manner even if not designed to function by explosion.
Flammable Gas (Hazardous Incident Feature)		Z	<i>Flammable Gas (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of any material which is a gas at 20°C (68°F) or less and 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia) of pressure (a material which has a boiling point of 20°C (68°F) or less at 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia)) which is ignitable at 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia) when in a mixture of 13 percent or less by volume with air; or Has a flammable range at 101.3 kPa (14.7 psia) with air of at least 12 percent regardless of the lower limit.
Flammable Liquid (Hazardous Incident Feature)		a	<i>Flammable Liquid (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a liquid having a flash point of not more than 60.5°C (141°F).
Flammable Solid (Hazardous Incident Feature)		b	<i>Flammable Solid (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of desensitized explosives that when dry are Explosives of Class 1 which are wetted with sufficient water, alcohol, or plasticizer to suppress explosive properties.
Non-Flammable Gas (Hazardous Incident Feature)		c	<i>Non-Flammable Gas (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of any material (or mixture) which Exerts in the packaging an absolute pressure of 280 kPa (40.6 psia) or greater at 20 °C (68 °F) and is not classified as a flammable gas.
Organic Peroxides (Hazardous Incident Feature)		d	<i>Organic Peroxides (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a material containing the peroxy group that may become explosive or flammable depending on formulation. (derived definition)
Oxidizers (Hazardous Incident Feature)		e	<i>Oxidizers (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a material that may, generally by yielding oxygen, cause or enhance the combustion of other materials.
Radioactive Material (Hazardous Incident Feature)		f	<i>Radioactive Material (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of any material having a specific activity greater than 70 Bq per gram.
Spontaneously Combustible (Hazardous Incident Feature)		g	<i>Spontaneously Combustible (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a liquid or solid that, even in small quantities and without an external ignition source, can ignite within five (5) minutes after coming in contact with air or a material that, when in contact with air and without an energy supply, is liable to self-heat.

Toxic Gas (Hazardous Incident Feature)		h	<i>Toxic Gas (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a gas which affords a hazard to human health.
Toxic and Infectious (Hazardous Incident Feature)		i	<i>Toxic and Infectious (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of a poisonous substance that is a specific product of the metabolic activities of a living organism and is usually very unstable and can easily be transferred between organisms.
Unexploded Ordnance (Hazardous Incident Feature)		j	<i>Unexploded Ordnance (Hazardous Incident)</i> - Uncontrolled or potentially dangerous presence of an unexploded weapon or ammunition.
Air Incident (Theme)		k	<i>Air Incident (Theme)</i> - An event involving aircraft resulting in damage, bodily injury, death, or the disruption of transportation service.
Air Accident (Air Incident Feature)		l	<i>Air Accident (Air Incident)</i> - A sudden, unexpected event involving aircraft resulting in fuselage damage, bodily injury, death and/or the disruption of transportation service; prompting emergency landing procedures or uncontrolled impact with the ground.
Air Hijacking (Air Incident Feature)		m	<i>Air Hijacking (Air Incident)</i> - The unexpected, unlawful and forceful seizure of control aboard an aircraft by an individual or group of individuals resulting in passenger and crew endangerment, injury or death, and/or the redirection of flight destination. (Source: www.dictionary.com, The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language to define "hijack")
Marine Incident (Theme)		n	<i>Marine Incident (Theme)</i> - An event involving a boat or ship resulting in damage, bodily injury, death, or the disruption of transportation service.
Marine Accident (Marine Incident Feature)		o	<i>Marine Accident (Marine Incident)</i> - A sudden, unexpected event involving a boat or ship resulting in vessel submerging, damage, bodily injury, death and/or the disruption of transportation service.
Marine Hijacking (Marine Incident Feature)		p	<i>Marine Hijacking (Marine Incident)</i> - The unexpected, unlawful and forceful seizure of control aboard a boat or ship by an individual or group of individuals resulting in passenger and crew endangerment, injury or death, and/or the redirection of destination. (Source: www.dictionary.com, The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language to define "hijack")
Rail Incident (Theme)		q	<i>Rail Incident (Theme)</i> - An event involving train resulting in damage, bodily injury, death, or the disruption of transportation service.
Rail Accident (Rail Incident Feature)		r	<i>Rail Accident (Rail Incident)</i> - A sudden, unexpected event involving a wheeled or tracked vehicle resulting in derailment, damage, bodily injury, death and/or the disruption of transportation service.
Rail Hijacking (Rail Incident Feature)		s	<i>Rail Hijacking (Rail Incident)</i> - The unexpected, unlawful and forceful seizure of control aboard a wheeled or tracked vehicle by an individual or group of individuals resulting in passenger and crew endangerment, injury or death, and/or the redirection of destination. (Source: www.dictionary.com, The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language to define "hijack")
Vehicle Incident (Theme)		t	<i>Vehicle Incident (Theme)</i> - An event involving a wheeled or tracked vehicle resulting in damage, bodily injury, death, or the disruption of transportation service.
Vehicle Accident (Vehicle Incident Feature)		u	<i>Vehicle Accident (Vehicle Incident)</i> - A sudden, unexpected event involving a vehicle resulting in damage, bodily injury, death and/or the disruption of transportation service.
Vehicle Hijacking (Vehicle Incident Feature)		v	<i>Vehicle Hijacking (Vehicle Incident)</i> - The unexpected, unlawful and forceful seizure of control aboard a vehicle by an individual or group of individuals resulting in passenger and crew endangerment, injury or death, and/or the redirection of destination. (Source: www.dictionary.com, The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language to define "hijack")

Operations Organizations, services, capabilities or resources available during or implemented due to an emergency management situation

Symbol Types	Basic Symbol	Key Stroke	Symbol Terms and Definitions
Operations Background Symbol (Background)		!	<i>Operations Background Symbol (Background)</i> - The background fill shape for the Operations symbol.
Operations Frame Symbol (Frame)		#	<i>Operations Frame Symbol (Frame)</i> - The frame shape for the Operations symbol.
Emergency Medical Operation (Theme)		A	<i>Emergency Medical Operation (Theme)</i> - Urgent and unexpected medicinal treatment and/or transport during serious situations which require demands of immediate action. (Source: www.dictionary.com, The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition. Hybrid definition of "emergency" and "medical.")
EMT Station Locations (Emergency Medical Feature)		B	<i>EMT Station Locations (Emergency Medical)</i> - The locus of an emergency medical team.
Ambulance (Emergency Medical Feature)		C	<i>Ambulance (Emergency Medical)</i> - A vehicle for taking sick or wounded people to and from a hospital.
Medical Evacuation Helicopter Station (Emergency Medical Feature)		D	<i>Medical Evacuation Helicopter Station (Emergency Medical)</i> - The locus of an emergency helicopter landing pad, utilized to transport severely injured persons.
Health Department Facility (Emergency Medical Feature)		E	<i>Health Department Facility (Emergency Medical)</i> - The locus of a facility operated by a public institution which is dedicated to promotion of health and prevention of disease at the community, country, state, or national level. (Source: based on the APHA public health mission description).
Hospital (Emergency Medical Feature)		F	<i>Hospital (Emergency Medical)</i> - The locus of an institution where the sick or injured are given medical or surgical care.
Hospital Ship (Emergency Medical Feature)		G	<i>Hospital Ship (Emergency Medical)</i> - The locus of a ship where the sick or injured are given medical or surgical care.
Medical Facilities Out Patient (Emergency Medical Feature)		H	<i>Medical Facilities Out Patient (Emergency Medical)</i> - The locus of a facility providing medical treatment to patients whose sickness or injury does not require hospitalization.
Morgue (Emergency Medical Feature)		I	<i>Morgue (Emergency Medical)</i> - The locus of a place where the bodies of persons found dead are kept until identified and claimed by relatives or released for burial. (Source: Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition)
Pharmacies (Emergency Medical Feature)		J	<i>Pharmacies (Emergency Medical)</i> - The locus of a place where medicines are compounded or dispensed. (Source: Merriam-Webster Online definition)
Triage (Emergency Medical Feature)		K	<i>Triage (Emergency Medical)</i> - The locus of a place where sorting and allocation of treatment to patients (especially victims of war or disaster) is performed according to a system of priorities designed to maximize the number of survivors. (Source: Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition)
Emergency Operation (Theme)		L	<i>Emergency Operation (Theme)</i> - Those actions taken during the emergency period to protect life and property, care for the people affected, and temporarily restore essential community services. (Source: modified San Diego State University Emergency Plan glossary; link at: http://bfa.sdsu.edu/emergencyplan/glossary.htm)
Emergency Collection Evacuation Point (Emergency Operation Feature)		M	<i>Emergency Collection Evacuation Point (Emergency Operation)</i> - A designated place where displaced persons or victims of war or disaster are assembled and/or evacuated from.
Emergency Incident Command Center (Emergency Operation Feature)		N	<i>Emergency Incident Command Center (Emergency Operation)</i> - The physical location from which an incident commander manages an incident. (Source: State of Virginia ICS web site)
Emergency Operations Center (Emergency Operation Feature)		O	<i>Emergency Operations Center (Emergency Operation)</i> - The physical location where an organization comes together during an emergency to coordinate response and recovery actions and resources and make management decisions. (Source: EMS web site)
Emergency Public Information Center (Emergency Operation Feature)		P	<i>Emergency Public Information Center (Emergency Operation)</i> - No Definition.
Emergency Shelters (Emergency Operation Feature)		Q	<i>Emergency Shelters (Emergency Operation)</i> - The locus of a designated emergency / relief shelter.

Emergency Staging Areas (Emergency Operation Feature)		R	<i>Emergency Staging Areas (Emergency Operation)</i> - A designated place where emergency management forces, equipment, and supplies are assembled prior to engagement in operations.
Emergency Teams (Emergency Operation Feature)		S	<i>Emergency Teams (Emergency Operation)</i> - The locus of an emergency management team.
Emergency Water Distribution Center (Emergency Operation Feature)		T	<i>Emergency Water Distribution Center (Emergency Operation)</i> - A place where potable water is distributed to displaced persons or victims of war or disaster.
Emergency Food Distribution Centers (Emergency Operation Feature)		U	<i>Emergency Food Distribution Centers (Emergency Operation)</i> - A place where food is distributed to displaced persons or victims of war or disaster.
Fire Suppression Operation (Theme)		V	<i>Fire Suppression Operation (Theme)</i> - The extinguishing of a burning (and flaming) object by means of applying an agent, such as water. (Source: Modified from www.firewise.org glossary of terms)
Fire Hydrant (Fire Suppression Feature)		W	<i>Fire Hydrant (Fire Suppression)</i> - A discharge pipe with a valve and spout from which water may be drawn from a water main in sufficient volume and at sufficient pressure for firefighting purposes. (Source: Adapted from Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition of hydrant)
Other Water Supply Location (Fire Suppression Feature)		X	<i>Other Water Supply Location (Fire Suppression)</i> - Any source of water other than a fire hydrant that is sufficient for the purpose of fire fighting.
Fire Station (Fire Suppression Feature)		Y	<i>Fire Station (Fire Suppression)</i> - A facility housing fire-fighting equipment and/or personnel.
Law Enforcement Operation (Theme)		Z	<i>Law Enforcement Operation (Theme)</i> - Act of insuring obedience to the laws. (Source: www.dictionary.com, WordNet ® 1.6, © 1997 Princeton University.)
ATF (Law Enforcement Feature)		a	<i>ATF (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms facilities, equipment, or personnel.
Border Patrol (Law Enforcement Feature)		b	<i>Border Patrol (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of U.S. Border Patrol facilities, equipment, or personnel.
Customs Service (Law Enforcement Feature)		c	<i>Customs Service (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of U.S. Customs Service facilities, equipment, or personnel.
DEA (Law Enforcement Feature)		d	<i>DEA (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration facilities, equipment, or personnel.
DOJ (Law Enforcement Feature)		e	<i>DOJ (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of U.S. Department of Justice facilities, equipment, or personnel.
FBI (Law Enforcement Feature)		f	<i>FBI (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of Federal Bureau of Investigation facilities, equipment, or personnel.
Police (Law Enforcement Feature)		g	<i>Police (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of Federal, State, or local police facilities, equipment, or personnel.
Prison (Law Enforcement Feature)		h	<i>Prison (Law Enforcement)</i> - A facility for the confinement of persons convicted of serious crimes. (Source: Adapted from the Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition)
Secret Service (Law Enforcement Feature)		i	<i>Secret Service (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of U.S. Secret Service facilities, equipment, or personnel.
TSA (Law Enforcement Feature)		j	<i>TSA (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of U.S. Transportation Security Administration facilities, equipment, or personnel.
US Coast Guard (Law Enforcement Feature)		k	<i>US Coast Guard (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of U.S. Coast Guard facilities, equipment, or personnel.
US Marshals Service (Law Enforcement Feature)		l	<i>US Marshals Service (Law Enforcement)</i> - A locus of U.S. Marshals Service facilities, equipment, or personnel.

Sensor Operation (Theme)		m	<i>Sensor Operation (Theme)</i> - A device that receives and responds to a signal or stimulus. (Source: www.dictionary.com, The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth Edition.)
Biological Sensor (Sensor Operation Feature)		n	<i>Biological Sensor (Sensor Operation)</i> - A device designed to respond to the presence of one or more biological substances and to transmit a resulting impulse. (Source: Adapted from the Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition of "sensor")
Chemical Sensor (Sensor Operation Feature)		o	<i>Chemical Sensor (Sensor Operation)</i> - A device designed to respond to the presence of one or more chemicals and to transmit a resulting impulse. (Source: Adapted from the Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition of "sensor")
Intrusion Sensor (Sensor Operation Feature)		p	<i>Intrusion Sensor (Sensor Operation)</i> - A device designed to respond to physical penetration of, or attempts to physically penetrate, a protected area or spatial volume and to transmit a resulting impulse. (Source: Adapted from the Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition of "sensor")
Nuclear Sensor (Sensor Operation Feature)		q	<i>Nuclear Sensor (Sensor Operation)</i> - A device designed to respond to one or more decay product(s) of one or more radioactive nuclides and to transmit a resulting impulse. (Source: Based on the Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition of "sensor" and inherent knowledge of the process, detection, and measurement of radioactivity)
Radiological Sensor (Sensor Operation Feature)		r	<i>Radiological Sensor (Sensor Operation)</i> - A device designed to respond to one or more decay product(s) of one or more radioactive nuclides and to transmit a resulting impulse. (Source: Based on the Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary definition of "sensor" and inherent knowledge of the process, detection, and measurement of radioactivity)

Font and Style Reference

Event Type	Damage Level	Font (FGDC)	Font (Data Deja View)	ESRI ArcMap Style
Incident		ERS_v2_Incidents	ddv0050b	ddv0050b ERS-V2 Incidents V2
Natural Event		ERS_v2_Natural_Events	ddv0055b	ddv0055b ERS-V2 Natural Event
Operation	Level 1	ERS_v2_Operations_S1	ddv0051b	ddv0051b ERS-V2 Infrastructures Stage 01
	Level 2	ERS_v2_Operations_S2	ddv0052b	ddv0052b ERS-V2 Infrastructures Stage 02
	Level 3	ERS_v2_Operations_S3	ddv0053b	ddv0053b ERS-V2 Infrastructures Stage 03
	Level 4	ERS_v2_Operations_S4	ddv0054b	ddv0054b ERS-V2 Infrastructures Stage 04
Infrastructure	Level 1	ERS_v2_Infrastructures_S1	ddv0056b	ddv0056b ERS-V2 Operations Stage 01
	Level 2	ERS_v2_Infrastructures_S2	ddv0057b	ddv0057b ERS-V2 Operations Stage 02
	Level 3	ERS_v2_Infrastructures_S3	ddv0058b	ddv0058b ERS-V2 Operations Stage 03
	Level 4	ERS_v2_Infrastructures_S4	ddv0059b	ddv0059b ERS-V2 Operations Stage 04
Damage (generic)		ERS_v2_Damage		

All FGDC fonts have either a *_txt.ttf or *_sym.ttf file. Some applications may vary in which specific file they reference. Additional styles are available.